# Land-based Aquaculture in Kamoenai Village

Momoko Kawano, Kei Kitamura, Yuta Iijima

# About the village

Population: 803 people

(The second smallest in Hokkaido)

Town of fishery industry

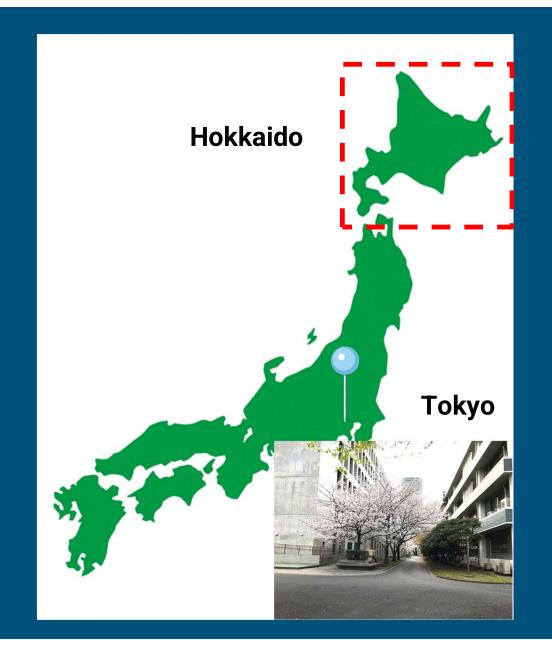


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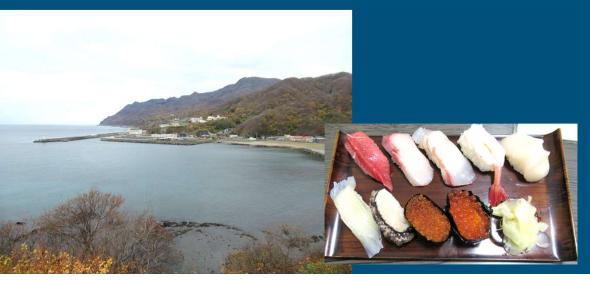


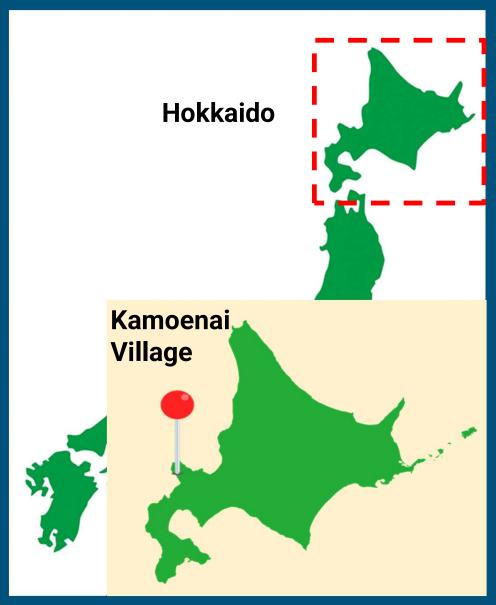
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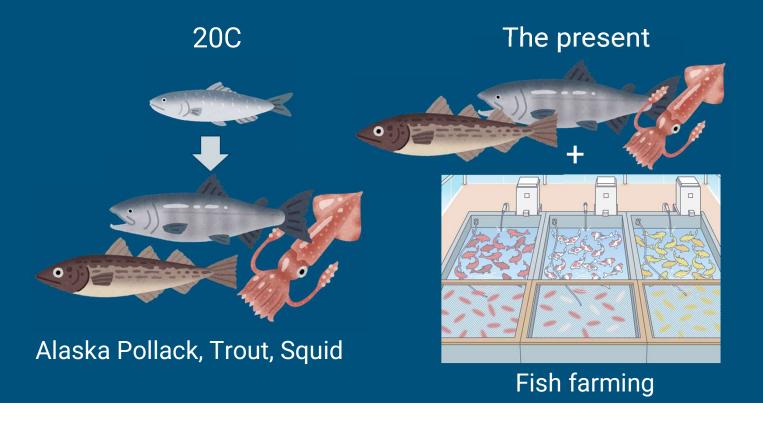




OHistory of the village



Herrings



©Problems the village is facing



Decline or disappearance of seaweed beds



The lack of successors in fishing industries



Land shortage (Field, Habitable area)

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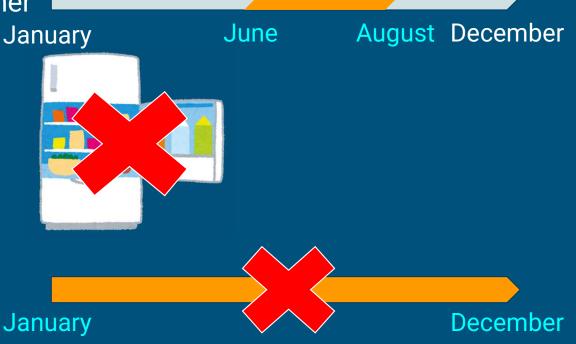
Can only be caught during the summer

Freezing will lower price



They can't be sold all year around.





# Overview of the land-based aquaculture in Kamoenai village

Land-based aquaculture

of sea urchin using Internet of Things (IoT)





<Power>

Geothermal power generation

#### Problems to be solved

- Land-based aquaculture
  - ⇒Prevents ocean pollution caused by leftover feeds
  - ⇒Can be done even though there is only a small land
  - ⇒Make operation easier by using IoT
  - ⇒Can ship year-round and stabilize supply

#### Problems to be solved

- Using Imperfect Chinese cabbages
  - ⇒Reduce food loss
  - ⇒Cut down feeds costs

- Utilize renewable energy
  - ⇒Cut down electricity bill
  - ⇒eco-friendly





## The future of Kamoenai village



- improve fisherman's income
- progress village's recognition
- create employment

⇒ young people move to village

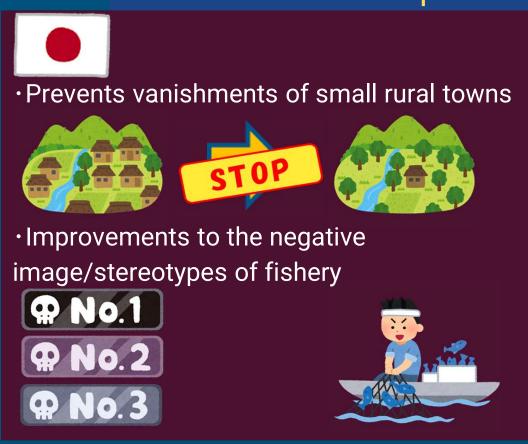






## How this case benefits Japan and Thailand

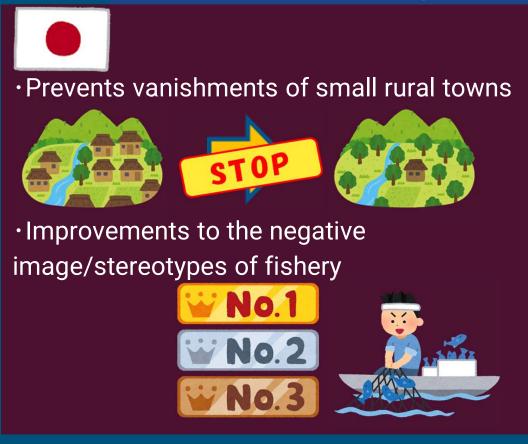
Can benefit both Japan and Thailand in many ways





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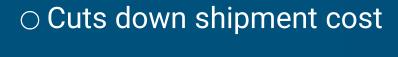
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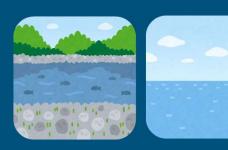


- ·Unaffected by natural disasters
- Stable catch = stable income



·Can be done in areas far from huge body of water (rivers, lakes, ocean)







#### Conclusion

Land-based Aquaculture has the potential to solve many social issues.

- The use of IoT
- →Easy to maintain
  - Complete filtering system
  - The use of renewable energy
- →Can be fully independent in the future



#### References

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# Thank you

Feel free to ask any questions about the presentation.